### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### FORM 10-OSB

(Mark one)

[x] QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

### For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

Commission File Number: 021-64091

### NEPTUNE INDUSTRIES, INC.

(Exact name of small business issuer in its charter)

Florida 65-0838060

(State or other jurisdiction of IRS Employer Identification Number)
Incorporation or Organization)

21218 St. Andrews Boulevard

Suite 645

Boca Raton, FL 33433

(Address of principal executive offices)

(561) - 482 - 6408

(Issuer's telephone number)

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Act: NONE
Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Act: COMMON STOCK

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

[x]Yes [ ] No

### APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

The number of shares outstanding of the issuer's common equity, as of November 1, 2007 was 22,532,723 shares

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): Yes ; No X

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### Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NEPTUNE INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	_	ember 30, 2007 unaudited)
ASSETS		
Current Assets Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable, less allowance for	\$	1,220,976
doubtful accounts of \$ 0 Inventory		48,123 427,482
Prepaid expenses		6,275
Deposit on equipment Deferred costs		15,000 54,044
Security deposits		17,444
Total Current Assets Property and equipment, net of		1,789,344
accumulated depreciation of \$434,394		374.272
Total Assets	\$	2,163,616 =======
LIABILITIES AND DEFICIENCY IN ASSETS		
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	129,907
Accrued and other current liabilities		823,660
Convertible notes payable		285,000 107,388
Notes payable-officers		107,300
Total Current Liabilities		1,345,955
Long-term liabilities		000 010
Convertible notes Convertible debentures		229,213 2,441,000
Deferred compensation-stock options		194,293
Total Long-Term Liabilities		2,864,506
Total Liabilities		4,210,461
		=

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Stockholders' Equity (Deficiency in assets)	
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value,	
5,000,0000 shares authorized, none issued	
Common Stock, \$.001 par value 100,000,000 shares	
authorized, 21,372,865 shares issued and outstanding	21,373
Additional paid-In capital	5,504,043
Accumulated deficit	(7,572,261)
Total Deficiency in assets	(2,046,844)
Total Liabilities and Deficiency in assets	\$ 2,163,616
	=========

See accompanying notes.

## NEPTUNE INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

		months ended ber 30, 2006
Revenues:		
Sales Cost of sales	\$ 111,193 111,189	\$ 255,877 332,400
Gross loss	4	(76,523)
Expenses: Advertising and marketing Automobile and truck expense Depreciation Insurance Office Officers salary, related taxes and benefits Other operating expenses Outside services Professional fees Public relations Stock-based compensation Utilities		- 6,154 357 7,811 824 79,844 6,403 34,909 5,695 10,873 194,292
Total expenses from operations	216,931	
Loss before interest, other income, expenses and income taxes Other income Interest expense	(216,931)	(425,798) 1,785 (59,185)
Loss before income tax Provision for income taxes		(483,198) -
Net loss	\$ (403,813)	\$ (483,198) =======
Net loss per share(basic and diluted)		\$ (0.043)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (basic and diluted)	20,595,329	11,349,269

See accompanying notes.

## NEPTUNE INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(onaudiced)	For the three months ended September 30, 2007 2006
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net loss	\$ (403,813) \$ (483,198)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net	
cash used by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization	30,244 17,227
Deferred compensation-stock options	- 194,292
Issue of common stock for services	50,000
(Increase) decrease in assets:	30,000
Accounts receivable	22,060 (1,538)
Deferred costs	(9,561) (1,624)
Inventory	(214,791) 63,670
Deposits	5,753 (2,500)
Prepaid expenses	(3,057) 553
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	
Accounts payable	39,560 (42,610)
Accrued and other current liabilities	223,991 121,527
Payroll liabilities	- 12,058
Net cash used by operating activities	(259,614) (122,141)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Pay-off of notes	- 9,770
ray off of noces	
Net cash provided by financing activities	- 9 <b>,</b> 770
Net decrease in cash and equivalents	(259,614) (112,371)
Cash and equivalents-beginning	1,480,590 275,938
Cash and equivalents-ending	\$1,220,976 \$ 163,567
	=======================================
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES	
Cash paid during quarter for:	4 400 + 50 40-
Interest	\$ 4,492 \$ 59,185 \$ - \$ -
Income taxes	\$ - \$ - ================================

See accompanying notes.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

Organization and nature of operations

Neptune Industries, Inc. (the Company) is a Florida corporation which conducts business from its headquarters in Boca Raton, Florida. The Company was incorporated on May 8, 1998 and in February 2004, changed its name from Neptune Aquaculture, Inc. to Neptune Industries, Inc. Since then, the main activities of the Company have been devoted to raising capital; implementing its business plan; commencing operations through its subsidiary, Blue Heron Aqua Farms, LLC; developing, testing and patenting (pending) the Aqua-Sphere and Aqua-Cell (formerly known as S.A.F.E. ) technologies; and completing the food science bio-technology research to discover a suitable protein substitute for fish meal in animal diets, known as Ento-Protein.

In June 2001, the Company acquired the operating rights to a 48 acre established fish farm in Florida City, Florida to be operated as Blue Heron Aqua Farms, LLC. The farm maintains a 47,000,000 gallon per day water usage permit and a twenty year lease from South Florida Water Management District, with a remaining term of 8 years.

This site has become the cornerstone of the South Florida operations of the Company with its extensive infrastructure and future potential for hatchery facilities for fingerling production.

Common shares of the Company are listed on the OTC Bulletin Board and continue to be listed on the OTC Pink Sheets under the trading symbol NPDI.

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Neptune Industries, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Aqua Biologics, Inc. (corporate name changed from Aquaculture Specialties, Inc. in June, 2006) and Exotic Reef Technologies, Inc., and its majority owned (99+%) subsidiary, Blue Heron Aqua Farm, LLC (Blue Heron). All inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated at consolidation.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are un-audited and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-QSB. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in audited financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for a full year. These interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements that were included in the Form 10-KSB filed by the Company for the year ended June 30, 2007 with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity date of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of equipment, leasehold improvements, office furniture and vehicles which are stated at cost. Depreciation is based on the estimated useful lives of the assets, ranging from five years to fifteen years, using the straight-line method. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Major improvements are capitalized. Gains and losses on disposition of property and equipment are included in income as realized.

### Revenue Recognition

Sales revenue is recognized upon the shipment of merchandise to customers. Allowances for sales returns are recorded as a component of net sales in the period the allowances are recognized.

### Income Taxes

Income taxes are computed under the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement No. 109 (SFAS 109), Accounting for Income Taxes. SFAS 109 is an asset and liability approach that requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of the difference in events that have been recognized in the financial statements of the Company compared to the tax returns.

As of September 30, 2007, the Company has approximately \$7 million of net operating loss carry-forwards available to affect taxable income and has established a valuation allowance equal to the tax benefit of the net operating loss carry-forwards as realization of the asset is not assured. The net operating loss carry-forwards may be limited under the change of Control provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, Section 382.

Advertising and marketing costs

Advertising and marketing costs are expensed as incurred.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial instruments, including cash, receivables, accounts payable, and notes payable are carried at amounts which reasonably approximate their fair value due to the short-term nature of these amounts or due to variable rates of interest which are consistent with market rates.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFCANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

Concentrations of Credit Risk and Economic Dependence

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk, are cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Company currently maintains its day-to-day operating cash balances at a single financial institution. At times, cash balances may be in excess of the FDIC insurance limits. The Company has not experienced any losses on such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant risk on cash and equivalents. The Company operates both domestically and internationally. Consequently, the ability of the Company to collect the amounts due from customers may be affected by economic fluctuations in each geographic location of the customers of the Company.

Net Loss Per Share

Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted net loss per share takes into account shares of common stock outstanding (computed under basic loss per share) and potentially dilutive shares of common stock. In periods where losses are reported, the weighted average number of common shares outstanding excludes common stock equivalents, because their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

Long-Lived and Disposal of Assets

The Company follows FASB Statement No. 144 (SFAS 144), Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets. SFAS 144 requires that long-lived assets to be held and used be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amount may not be recoverable. When required, impairment losses on assets to be held and used are recognized based on the fair value of the asset. Long-lived assets to be disposed of, if any, are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell.

Stock Compensation for Services Rendered

The Company has issued restricted shares of common stock to non-employees in exchange for services rendered. Common stock issued to non-employees for services received are based upon the fair value of the services or equity instruments issued, whichever is more reliably determined.

### Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market. The inventory consists of raw materials, such as salt, oxygen and feed, and work in process, represented by the pounds of fish growing in the separate tanks and raceways on the farm property.

During all prior periods ending June 30, 2007, the Company measured its inventories and cost of sales based upon a pre-determined average cost per

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

pound applied to the total pounds of fish at the end of each accounting period. The Company then added in certain additional costs for raw materials and overhead to arrive at the ending inventory figures and to determine cost of sales. Management is now of the opinion that this method has overstated inventory and costs of sales substantially over the past five years, and has not accurately reflected the true operating costs of the business of Blue Heron.

Effective July 1, 2007, the beginning of the current fiscal year, the Company Has changed its method of accounting for its inventory, by adopting a process Inventory system. Under this system, all direct costs of production and the cost of raw materials used each month are allocated to the separate raceways and tanks on the farms in proportion to the number of pounds in each against the total pounds of fish on the farm at the end of each month. This results in a direct cost allocation to each tank and raceway each month, based on the total actual costs for the month. As fish are harvested, the costs allocated to each tank or raceway from which fish are

harvested, the costs allocated to each tank or raceway from which fish are harvested are then charged to cost of sales, on a proportionate basis.

Inventory as reported on the June 30, 2007 audited financial statements was \$420,926, exclusive of raw materials, and there were 135,931 pounds of growing fish on hand, resulting in a cost per pound of approximately \$3.10, an amount substantially in excess of the average selling price of \$2.85 per pound. This higher cost is a direct result of the several years of double counting of certain costs in measuring inventory under the previous system. Actual costs for the inventory in the opinion of management is approximately \$2.20 per pound, based on actual costs incurred as well as general cost information available for other producers. Accordingly, management has determined that July 1, 2007 inventory should be reduced to 222,523 a reduction of \$222,460. This reduction in value has been charged directly to the accumulated deficit of the Company, because the Company is unable to determine the period-specific effects of the accounting change, for lack of information measuring the requisite amounts in prior periods. This reporting is in conformity with FASB 154, Accounting Change and Error Corrections, Interpretation No. 1.

Inventory at July 1, 2007 consisted of the following, as a result of this write down:

Work in process \$ 198,466 Raw materials 24,057 Total \$ 222,523

Inventory at September 30, 2007 consisted of the following:

Work in process \$ 384,197 Raw materials  $\frac{11,729}{395,926}$ 

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions. For the Company, the accounting estimates requiring the most difficult and sensitive judgments of management including inventory valuation, recognition and measurement of income tax assets and liabilities, and accounting for stock=based compensation.

### Recent Accounting Pronouncement

In July 2006, the FASB issued FIN 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109. FIN 48 prescribes a comprehensive financial statement model of how a company should recognize, measure, present, and disclose uncertain tax positions that the company has taken or expects to take in its income tax returns. FIN 48 requires that only income tax benefits that meet the more likely than not recognition threshold be recognized or continue to be recognized on the effective date. Initial de-recognition of amounts would be reported as a cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The adoption of FIN 48 did not have a material impact on the financial statements of the Company.

In September 2006, the FASB issued FAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, which establishes a framework for reporting fair value and expands disclosure about fair value measurements. FAS 157 is effective for the 2008 fiscal year of the Company. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this standard on its financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued FAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, Including an Amendment of FASB Statement 115. FAS 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. FAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting FAS 159 on its financial statements.

In June 2007, the FASB approved the issuance of Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 06-11 "Accounting for Income Tax Benefits of Dividends on Share-Based Payment Awards". EITF 06-11 requires that tax benefits from dividends paid on unvested restricted shares be charged directly to stockholders' equity instead of benefiting income tax expense. This EITF is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of EITF 06-11 but does not expect that it will have a material effect on our financial statements.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

Reclassifications.

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

### NOTE 2. GOING CONCERN

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company's financial position and operating results raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, as reflected by the accumulated deficit of \$7,389,102 and recurring gross and net losses. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon expanding operations, increasing sales and obtaining additional capital and financing. Management's plan in this regard is to secure additional funds through future equity financings. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

#### NOTE 3. ACCRUED AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accrued and other liabilities consisted of the following at September 30, 2007:

Accrued payroll - officers Accrued interest - officers Accrued interest - others Accrued consulting Accrued-other	\$ 426,872 102,158 206,130 85,500 3,000
	\$ 823,660 ========

### NOTE 4 ACCRUED OFFICERS COMPENSATION AND INTEREST

Effective February 8, 2000, the Company entered into five-year employment Agreements (the Agreements) with two key members of management. These agreements have been renewed automatically for additional five year terms. The Agreements also state that the two key members of management are entitled to and automatically receive a cost of living adjustment calculated in proportion to the upward change in the consumer price index U.S. Average All Items (1967=100), published by the U.S. Department of Labor.

Pursuant to these employment agreements, the Company accrued a total of \$426,872 through the quarter ended September 30, 2007. Cash compensation actually paid was \$54,900 for the quarter ended September 30, 2007.

The Company contracted with CF Consulting LLC to provide Chief Financial Officer services beginning in February 2005 at a monthly fee of \$2,000 for an initial six month period and thereafter at \$2,500 per month. CF Consulting also received 100,000 (pre 1 for 6 reverse split) restricted shares of common stock for prior services due of \$5,000. A new agreement was entered into with

### NOTE 4 ACCRUED OFFICERS COMPENSATION AND INTEREST (continued)

CF Consulting LLC effective September 30, 2006, under which CF Consulting provided CFO and General Counsel services to the Company in return for monthly compensation of \$5,500 for six months commencing April 1, 2006, \$6,000 for the next six months and \$6,500 for the next six months of the 18 month term of the agreement. CF Consulting also received 250,000 shares of stock, valued at \$15,000 based on the lack of tradability of the shares and other factors. A total of \$85,500 has been accrued as due under the agreements with CF Consulting, LLC as of September 30, 2007. Our Chief Financial Officer, Robert Hipple, is also a managing director of CF Consulting.

### NOTE 5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

### Notes Payable Officers

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the Company entered into an agreement to retire the outstanding preferred stock with Messrs Papadoyianis and Cherch in exchange for \$100,000. The Company paid \$30,000 and the remaining \$70,000 was converted to a note payable accruing interest at a rate of 8%. Accrued interest on this note was later converted to preferred stock. On February 7, 2006, the Board of Directors resolved to repay the notes outstanding to Messrs. Papadoyianis and Cherch through the issuance of new notes, which were made retroactive to January 1, 2006, bear interest at the rate of 15% per annum, and include one warrant for every dollar outstanding, or 70,000 total warrants. Each warrant to purchase one share of common stock is at a price of \$0.30 per share for a period of three years. The new notes are in the amount of \$44,944 each, and included repayment of principal of \$35,000 and accrued interest of \$9,944 each. A total of \$11,779 interest has been accrued on each of these notes as of September 30, 2007 and is included in accrued current liabilities.

### NOTE 6. NOTES PAYABLE

In August and September, 2007, the holders of convertible debentures with a total face value of \$272,000, exercised their right of conversion into common stock of the Company. As a result, 906,666 shares of common stock were issued.

### NOTE 7. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

A total of 1,406,666 common shares of the Company were issued during the quarter ended September 30, 2007. This total included the 906,666 common shares issued in conversion of convertible debentures and 500,000 shares issued for investor relations services, issued at the discounted market price. A total of \$50,000 in expense has been charged in the quarter as a result of the shares for investor relations services.

### Item 2. Management Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation.

### FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

In connection with, and because we desire to take advantage of, the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, we caution readers regarding certain forward looking statements in the previous discussion and elsewhere in this report and in any other statement made by, or on behalf of our Company, whether or not in future filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Forward looking statements are statements not based on Historical information and which relate to future operations, strategies, financial results or other developments. Forward looking statements are necessarily based upon estimates and assumptions that are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control and many of which, with respect to future business decisions, are subject to change. These uncertainties and contingencies can affect actual results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward looking statements made by, or on behalf of, our Company. We disclaim any obligation to update forward looking statements.

We were incorporated in the State of Florida on May 8, 1998. We operate on a June 30 fiscal year. Our common shares are traded on the Pink Sheets and on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol NPDI. Since our inception, we have been engaged in aquaculture (fish farming) through our subsidiary, Blue Heron Aqua Farms, LLC, in Florida City, Florida and in the development of new technologies for aquaculture and related marine uses. On June 9, 2005, we merged with Move Films, Inc., a Texas corporation, with the Company as the surviving entity. As a result of that merger, we succeeded to the filing and reporting obligations of Move Films, Inc. under Section 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Our mission is to be a leading supplier of sustainable seafood products through the development of a vertically integrated production and distribution enterprise, encompassing fish farms, processing facilities, wholesale distribution, and value-added product lines. The catalyst to our business model is the patent-pending Aqua-Sphere, which provides a highly efficient, environmentally friendly solution to current seafood production requirements, while opening up new areas of the world to commercial farming. The Company has already received interest from around the world to license, purchase, and distribute the technology. Licensing, sales and joint venture activities will further expedite and enhance our business model. The final strategic phase of our mission involves the utilization of our publicly traded vehicle to conduct a roll-up of the highly fragmented aquaculture and distribution industries. The acquisition of other seafood related businesses should allow us to expand, diversify, and integrate our technology in the most efficient manner.

The Company also has successfully completed Phase II testing of its Ento-Protein Meal, which will lead the way to organic production of fish when all testing is completed. The testing is being conducted with Mississippi State University.

The founders of the Company, Messrs. Ernest D. Papadoyianis and Xavier T. (Sal) Cherch began designing and testing what today is known as the Aqua-Sphere System over nine years ago. The Aqua-Sphere System is designed to address and resolve the concerns of environmentalists. Today, through a contractual arrangement, Neptune itself has spent over seven years and more than three million dollars in completing the development of the Aqua-Sphere System, perfecting production methods, performing market analyses, acquiring lease

sites, and creating a cornerstone production facility through its subsidiary, Blue Heron Aqua Farms, LLC (Blue Heron). Blue Heron operates a forty eight acre fish farm in Florida City, Florida that incorporates a one-of-a-kind flow-through environment which is virtually extinct in the U.S. today. In October, 2004, the Company completed a state of the art nursery expansion in order to increase production capacity of its sashimi quality hybrid striped bass (branded as Everglades Striped Bass) by over 25%. The market for all seafood, particularly fresh farm-raised product, has grown to tremendous proportions, warranting immediate and extensive expansion of production and diversification to other popular species. With only four acres of the 48 acre site under production at this time, the Company has the capability of producing close to two million pounds of fish per year from this site alone when the site is fully developed.

Management focused its efforts on further research and development of the various components of the Aqua-Sphere system technology, while fine tuning production methods for use in quarry lake aqua-farms. Among the many technological developments tested during this period was a solar powered programmable, automated, feeding system which allows controlled amounts of feed to be fed at specific times of the day. This insures a more rapid growth rate, with less waste. Through the development and operation of three previous pilot farms, Neptune improved its technology, and production techniques to effectuate the efficient and economical production of seafood in large, open bodies of water. The applications now extend to an open worldwide market. In addition, we successfully raised and marketed three commercially viable species (hybrid striped bass, redfish and tilapia). Our farms purchase fingerling fish, raise the product to market size(1.25 to 2+ pounds), and then harvest and distribute it to wholesalers, processors, market chains, etc. throughout the U.S., Canada, and the Caribbean. Management believes that our unique, low-cost production strategy, technology, and existing distribution through independent wholesalers and distributors allow us to bring our products to market faster and cheaper than the competition.

### DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

With a strong distribution network for our fresh farm raised seafood products throughout the United States, Canada and the Caribbean, we are now focused on a three phase expansion program at our Florida City site in order to meet market demand. In addition, we have moved into the final stages of preparation for the commercial production of the Aqua-Sphere System. We also plan to integrate our operations by locating and attempting to acquire our own distribution network, as well as processing capabilities and nursery operations to raise and control our own fingerling production.

### Farming Operations

We are poised to expand our facilities, diversify our production, and vertically integrate our operations. We are planning to increase capacity to produce over two million pounds of hybrid striped bass, redfish, tilapia, Nile perch and other species; operate the only hybrid striped bass nursery in South Florida; and then utilize our effluent wastewater to produce a diversity of hydroponic vegetables and herbs. The combination of our commercial aquaculture expertise, management and technology, teamed with the expansive forty eight acre fish farm facility, have created one of the premier commercial aquaculture operations on the East Coast and perhaps the U.S.

In addition to the Florida City site, we have identified and have had

preliminary discussions for lease options on a number of prime quarry lake sites in South Florida. Historically, management has focused its production and technology on developing these vast man-made impoundments which are abundant in South Florida and offer tremendous opportunity for development. Quarry sites will be developed utilizing the Aqua-Sphere System technology which was designed and engineered from years of practical experience in commercial production in South Florida quarries. Quarry lake development presents an ideal opportunity to establish multiple farm locations with minimal capital outlay.

### Technology

The Aqua-Sphere System incorporates many features which make it suitable for all parts of the world. The Company continues to be deluged with inquiries. The Aqua-Sphere System is a floating, articulating, patent pending containment system which utilizes alternative energy to power many of its components. The system can be utilized as a stand alone single tank (an Aqua-Cell) in a variety of sizes or several Aqua-Cells can be interconnected into pods to create the Aqua-Sphere. In a pod configuration, each Aqua-Cell is connected to another via an underwater conveyance pipe. This allows the operator to move fish from Aqua-Cell to Aqua-Cell without removing them from the water, or handling. Therefore, an Aqua-Sphere system actually becomes a self-contained nursery and grow-out area. An automated solar powered feeding system and a revolutionary waste collection system insure rapid growth without contamination of surrounding waters. Since each Aqua-Cell has solid sides, predators cannot get in, crops cannot escape, and in the event of contamination of surrounding waters, the crops can be isolated and protected.

In late July, 2005, we entered into an arrangement with The Redland Company, Inc. of Homestead, Florida to utilize a 38 acre quarry lake site for testing of the Aqua-Sphere prototype. This site is close to our current operations and provides an ideal environment for these final tests. In addition to testing our own technology, we will also be selecting and testing several other products which will be used in conjunction with it.

Site preparation is fully underway with excavation, new electricity, fencing, and storage units nearing completed. The new prototype tank has been delivered, assembled and launched and tests of the prototype are well underway.

On September 27, 2006, the Company filed a Provisional Process Patent on the Production and Processing of Select Insects into Protein Meal for Fish and Animal Diets. This patent and research was born out of the tremendous need for replacement of fish meal in fish and other livestock diets worldwide. Fish meal has gone up in price considerably over the last year and the wild species targeted for fish meal production are growing scarcer over time. In January, CEO, Ernest Papadoyianis, and COO, Sal Cherch, were invited to Mississippi State University to meet with members of its Entomology Department to discuss research activities for the Company. Mississippi State is a world leader in insect rearing methodology and has been instrumental in developing facilities, diets, and rearing methods for facilities worldwide. The Company commenced its first phase of research and testing with Mississippi State in the third quarter of 2007, and has now successfully completed Phase II testing.

### Acquisition Plans

Our future development plans expand far beyond our South Florida production base. Management has identified several acquisition candidates that would allow immediate production benefit and secure a hybrid striped bass hatchery

operation. The Company also intends to diversify its operations to include marine products such as baitfish for the multi-million dollar sport fishing market; production of hydroponic herbs and vegetables; wholesale distribution and live delivery (hybrid striped bass and tilapia) to the Asian and Latin markets; value added products; and franchise/joint venturing of our Aqua-Sphere technology. Whether land or lake based operations, the Company's strategic South Florida location with its twelve month growing season, tremendous local market, and a select niche market for live products, provides a significant advantage over competitors. A focus on products limited in the wild, or by seasonality, further increases market value and demand.

The Company also has identified and has begun acquisition discussions with a number of acquisition candidates which will allow the Company to expand its business plan to develop an operating model which utilizes waste and by-products from one operation as fuel or feed for other parts of the business model, with the goal of minimizing or eliminating all adverse environmental impacts from the Company's operations. These targets include hatchery operations, processing and distribution operations, larger aqua-farms, and operations in other natural and organic food products. The goal of the Company is to grow to become a manufacturer, processor and distributor of organic and natural seafood and other food and nutritional products using processes that eliminate or at least minimize any adverse effect on the environment by controlling waste and discharge from its operations.

#### Risk Factors.

The Company has identified certain risk factors connected with its operations and an investment in the Company, which are listed in detail under Risk Factors in the Form 10-KSB filed by the Company for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

### Comparison of Operating Results

Gross revenues for the quarters ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were \$111,193 and \$255,877, respectively. Cost of sales for the same periods were \$111,189 and \$332,400,respectively, resulting in gross profit of \$4 and a Gross loss of \$(76,523), respectively. The decrease in sales and cost of sales is attributed to lack of harvestable inventory during the three months ended September 30, 2007. Operating expenses for the quarters ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were \$216,931 and \$349,275, respectively, resulting in net losses of \$(403,813) for the quarter ended September 30, 2007 compared to \$(483,198) for the quarter ended September 30, 2006. The fluctuation in Operating expenses is primarily related to stock compensation in the prior year quarter.

### Item 3. Controls and Procedures.

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (the Certifying Officers) are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls and procedures for financial reporting for the Company. The Certifying Officers have designed such disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls and procedures for financial reporting to ensure that material information is made known to them, particularly during the period in which this report was prepared. The Certifying Officers have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls and procedures for financial reporting as of September 30, 2007 and believe that our disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls and procedures for financial reporting are effective based on the

required evaluation. There have been no significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

#### PART II -- OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There are no legal proceedings against the Company and the Company is unaware of such proceedings contemplated against it.

### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

A total of 1,406,666 common shares of the Company were issued during the quarter ended September 30, 2007. This total included the 906,666 common shares issued in conversion of convertible debentures and 500,000 shares issued for investor relations services, issued at the discounted market price. A total of \$50,000 in expense has been charged in the quarter as a result of the shares for investor relations services.

As a result of these changes, a total of 21,372,865 common shares were outstanding at the end of the quarter ended September 30, 2007.

#### ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

Not applicable.

### ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

- (a) Exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-B
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act

### (b) Reports on Form 8-K

On October 12, 2007, the Company announced that, at a Special Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company held on October 3, 2007, the Company increased the size of its Board of Directors from five to seven and that, on October 10, 2007, Mr. Eric Yager was extended an offer to join the Board to fill one of the newly created vacancies, and accepted the

invitation on that date. A second invitation was extended to Mr. Frank J. Garofalo, who also accepted the invitation.

### SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant has caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: November 19, 2007

NEPTUNE INDUSTRIES, INC.

By: /s/ Ernest Papadoyianis

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Ernest Papadoyianis

CEO, President and Director